

Application of Building Information Modelling in Construction Industry For quality Management.

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ABSTRACT: The potential of Building Information Modelling (BIM) to support a transformation of the processes of design and construction has been evident in the construction industry. Although BIM is considered helpful in improving design quality by eliminating conflicts and reducing rework, there has been little research in to using BIM throughout the project for construction quality control and efficient information utilization. Due to the consistency of design data with quality data and construction process with quality control process, the potential of BIM implementation in quality management lies in its ability to present multi-dimensional data including design data and time sequence. This research explores and discusses the advantages of 6D BIM for a quality application based on construction codes.

Keywords: Applications of INFORMATIVE BUILDING MODEL, Quality management.

I. INTRODUCTION:

Today many construction companies face many challenges and problems, such as “workmanship defects,” delay and “cost overrun in complementing their projects in all over the industry. The globalization and competition are the most important reasons that each construction company needs to improve and correct its system for achieving its objectives by management tools. Successful project management can be defined as having achieved the project objectives as on time, within cost, and quality (scope) to meet client's requirement. Quality is the most significant factor in the success of construction projects. Nowadays, quality has not just implicated on products and services in the organizations, it can be related to the process, system, and management as well. Quality of construction project is a general philosophy by

which process is carried in a total quality infrastructure. The total quality infrastructure consists of several key pieces. The first, and one of the most important, is the quality system as a business management tool. The lack of enough evidence concerning how quality management actually effects on organizational practices and performance (lack of awareness in benefits of QMS) is a big problem to motivate owners and managers of construction companies in implementing QMS. Thus, this study was carried out with the aim of evaluating the impact of Quality Management by using Modern Tools and Techniques for implementation and comparative study of Conventional Methods of Quality Management over the using of Modern tools like NAVISWORK for Quality Management. Find out effectiveness of NAVISWORK software for the quality management by considering main elements of construction project.

1.1 Objectives of project

1. Determine the sector of problems arises to maintain the Quality Management on construction site.
2. To Study use of NAVISWORK for effective solutions for quality related issues on construction work.
3. Investigate the adoption and implementation of NAVISWORK for ‘cost of quality’ in construction work.
4. Evaluate the results obtained by using NAVISWORK for quality management.

II. 2.LITERATURE REVIEW

1. Mr. Swapnesh P. Raut. Raut. Raut. Raut' Improve the Productivity of Building Construction Project using Clash disclosure Application in Building Information Modelling 2017.

The Clash Detection instrument is a boss among the most obliging use of BIM, which is significant for the coordination of frameworks to affect the assignments to time productive and sparing. In this paper we centre the framework included organizing conflict territory appraisal utilizing building data demonstrating programming. [1]

2. Dr. Rule Ali Al-Damen' The effect of Total Quality Management on hierarchical execution Case of Jordan Oil Petroleum Company' Jan 2017

This assessment expected to take a gander at the impact of TQM execution on progressive execution. The examination was driven in Jordan Petroleum Refinery Company (JPRC), the assessment test measure was (103) chairmen from different levels. The examiner depended upon fundamental and discretionary data. The results exhibit that TQM has constructive outcome on hierarchical execution. Considering these disclosures, the examination gave a course of action of proposals. [2]

3. Tom Rajan, Anju Paul, IMPLEMENTATION OF TOTAL QUALITY MANAGEMENT (TQM) IN CONSTRUCTION-A REVIEW, 2017

To pass on the benefits of TQM to the improvement business, more undertakings must be made to spread the thoughts of TQM among the advancement specialists. Investigators perceived diverse obstruction factors for executing TQM being developed. Communicating the isolated thought of the business as the most basic control. Studies have furthermore done in finding answer for the obstructions and draws out that banding together and BIM consolidated models can successfully execute TQM being developed industry. [3]

4. By Allan F. Samuels,' Construction Facilities Audit: Quality System- Performance Control' 2017

The basic objective of the survey is to control and improve the advancement quality-organization system. Definitions from both the improvement and quality sciences are investigated for legitimacy to the advancement office audit. The components of the workplace audit are differentiated and a cash related survey. [4]

5. P.M Diaz, "Analysis of Benefits, Advantages and Challenges of Building Information Modelling in Construction Industry" 28 March 2016: Journal of Advances in designing science

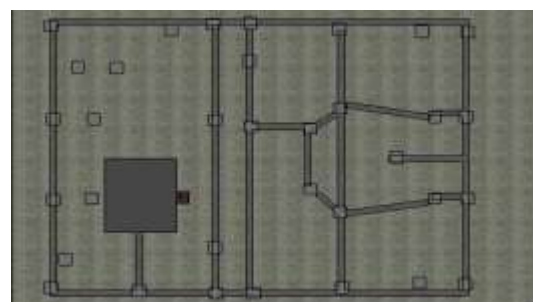
The advancement sections and booking progress are constrained by BIM based 4D booking which realizes incredible improvement masterminding. Besides, building information showing mechanical assemblies take a gander at the updated usage of 3D, 4D and model arranging. This decides the obvious forward advancement of the improvement business close by BIM and BIM instruments. [5]

6. Ahmed N. El Hawary, Ayman H. Nassar, "The Effect Of Building Information Modelling (BIM) On Construction Claims" 12, DECEMBER 2016

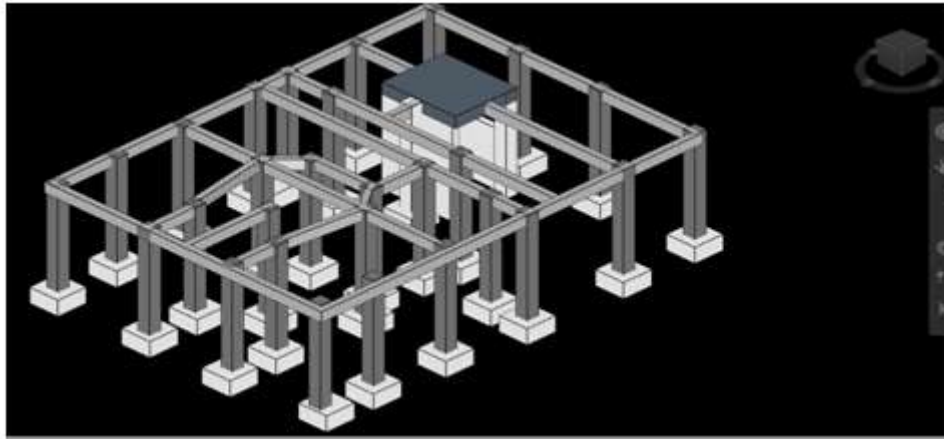
This paper investigates the effect of utilizing Building Information Modelling advancement being developed stretches out on reducing or keeping up a key good way from the assorted purposes behind improvement ensures through a survey audit that was made. The made audit furthermore looked into the occasion repeat of different case causes, and their degree of duty in making improvement claims. [6]

III. METHODOLOGY

The above case study mentioned is analyzed as a 4D BIM model in REVIT+NAVISWORKS software the two different drawings were prepared 1. plinth drawing and plumbing lay out including underground septic tank and underground water tank. The level difference between them was 0.3m. As per schedule septic tank was constructed and after that plinth beam. But due to level difference cannot be maintained the plinth beam passes through the septic tank and builder have reconstruct edit. The same case can be solved in the NAVISWORKS process



Model prepared in REVIT



Model prepared in NAVISWORK

Step1: MODEL OPEN IN NAVISWORK

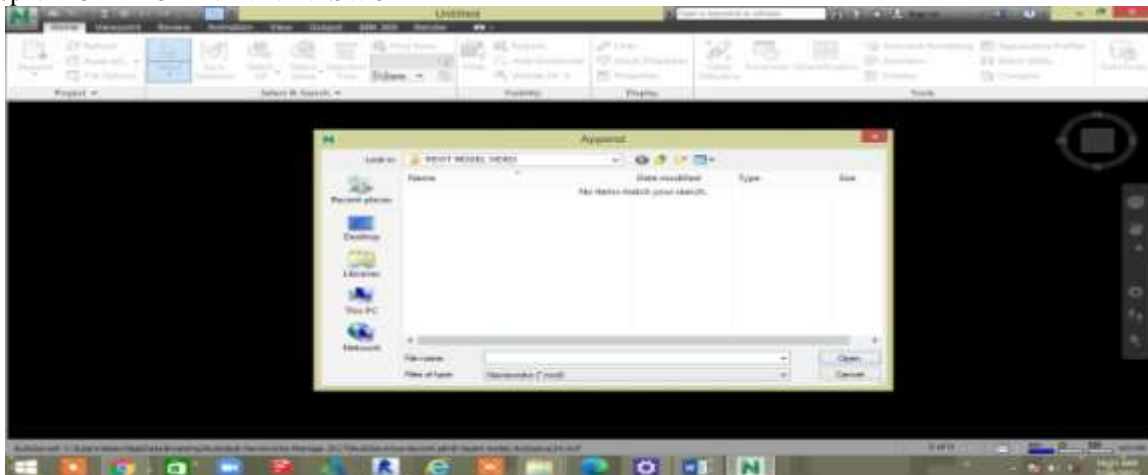


FIG.Model open in NAVISWORK

STEP 2:MODEL OPEN IN NAVISWORK



Step 3

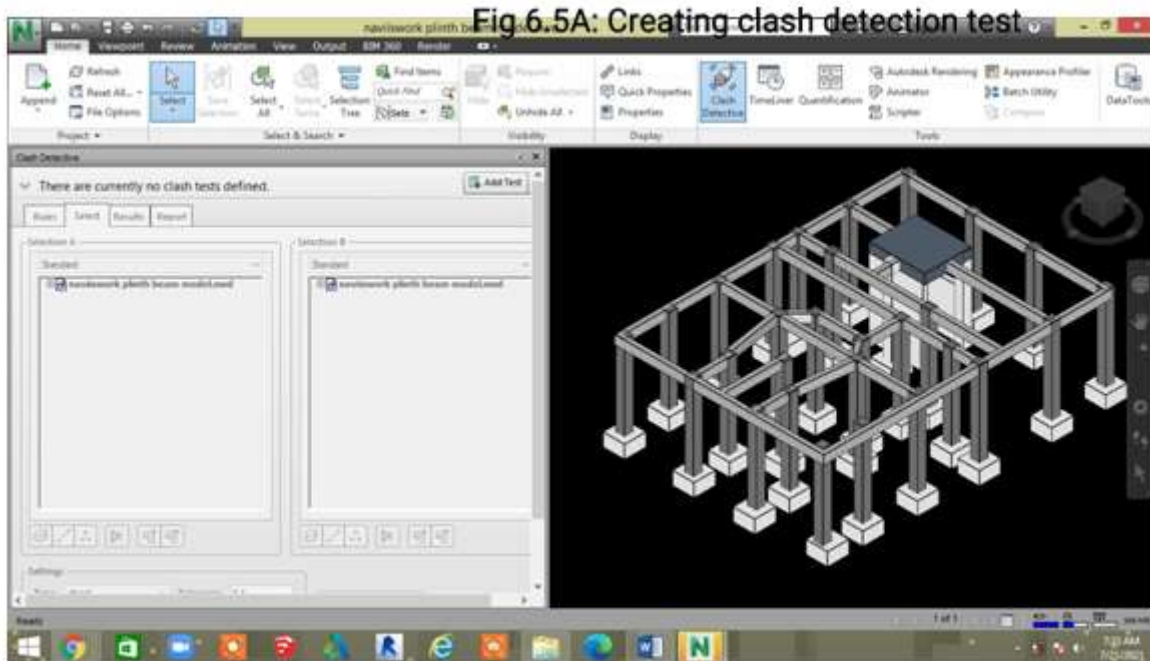
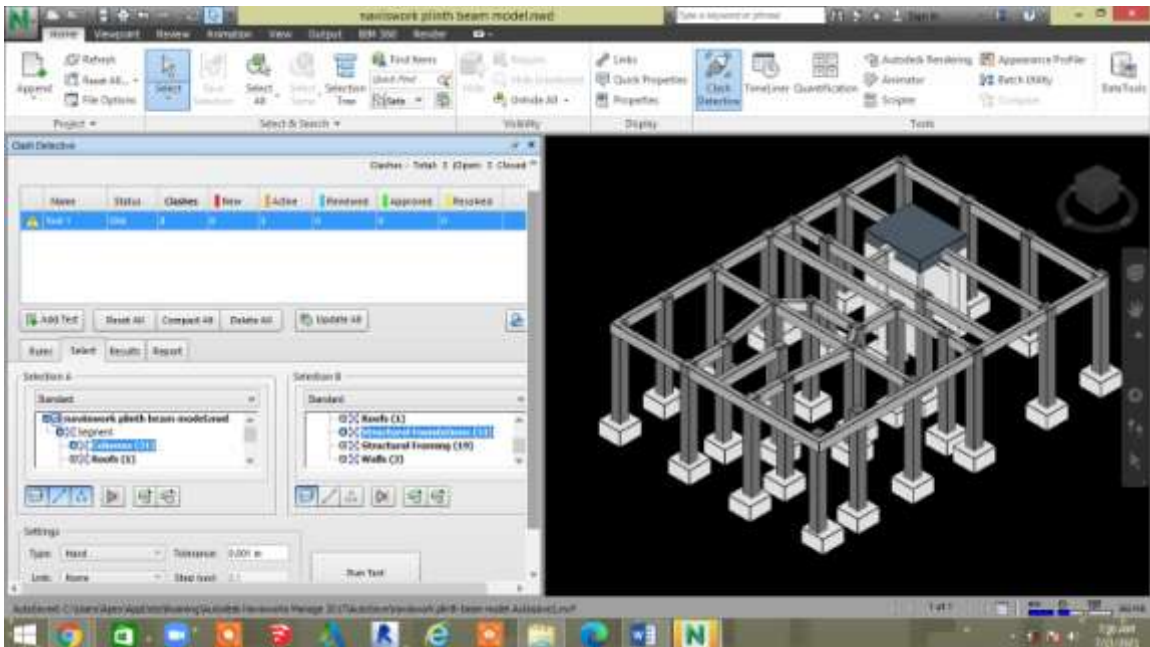
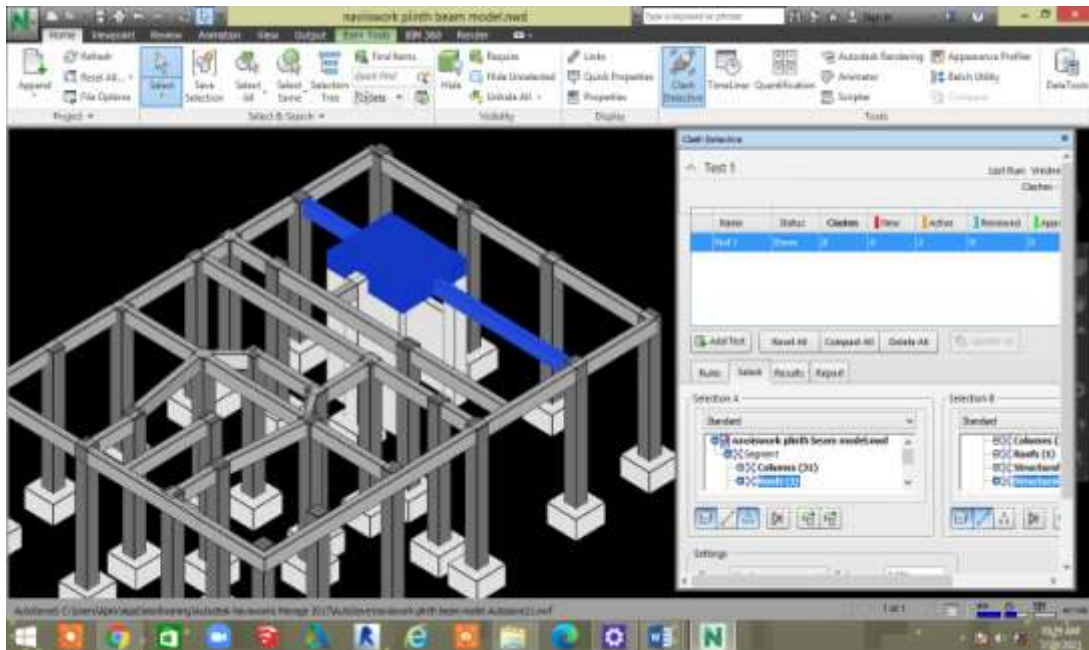


FIG: CREATING CLASH DETECTION TEST

STEP 4:



Step 5



Total cost expenditure on site

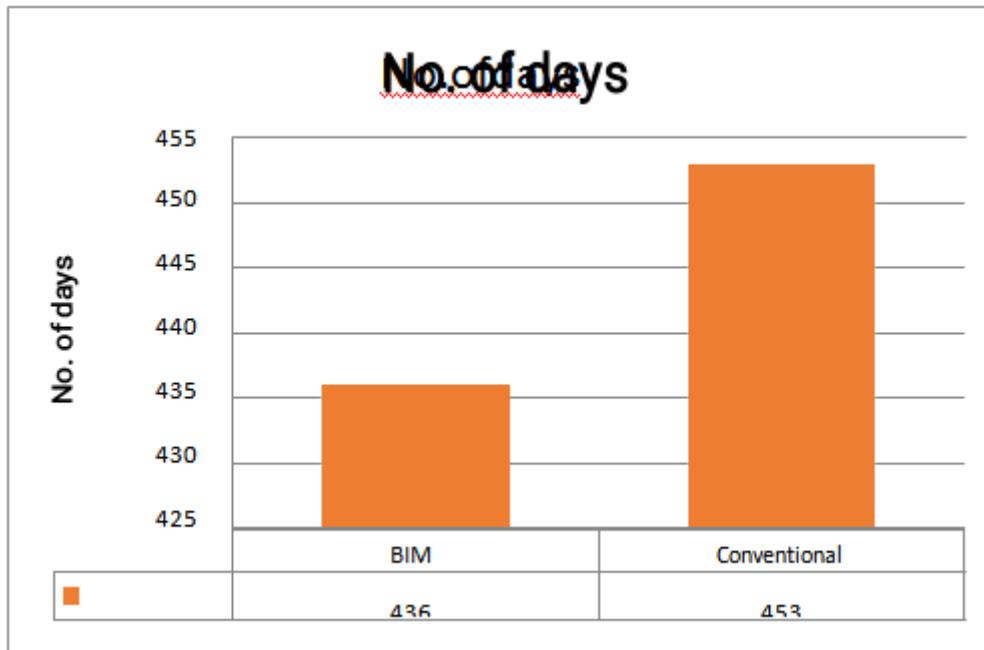
Results of clash detection test

TABLE OF TOTAL COST EXPENDITURE ON SITE

Total daysto demolish tank	2Days
Total daysto construct tank	15Days
Total delay	17Days
Direct cost	34 Days
Total dem olishcost	Rs.4200
Total construction cost	Rs.2,39,091
Total Direct cost	Rs.2,43,291
Indirect cost	Rs.15000
Total direct and Indirect cost	Rs.2,58,291

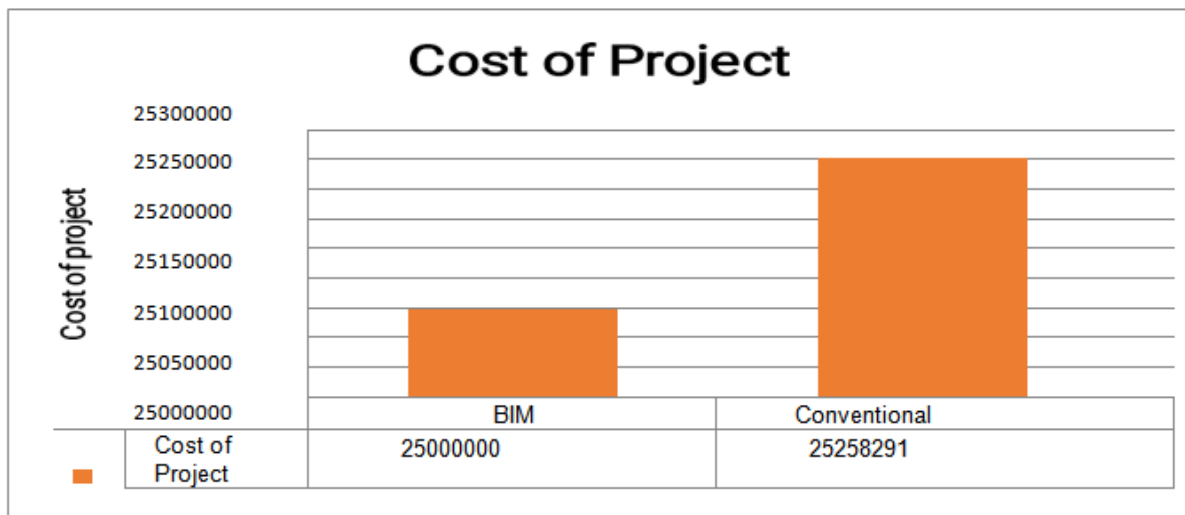
TABLE WITH 4D PARAMETER

	BIM	Conventional
No.of days	436	453



Demolish cost- JCB= 2,200, Transport= 1,000, Labor=1,000 Indirect cost-Dewatering pump=500/day, Generator=500/day (Above rates are taken from site)

4D parameter is a 3D+time. As we can see from above graph, number of days



Required for BIM is 436 days and for Conventional it is 453 days. So we can conclude that if we use BIM method, duration of project is less as compared to the conventional method.

5D parameter is a 4D + cost. As we can see from above graph, cost of project required for BIM is Rupees 250000000/- and for Conventional it is Rupees 252582911/-. So we can conclude that if we use BIM method, cost of project is less as compared to the conventional method. Hence we can reduce the rework.

IV. CONCLUSION

- The main objective of this study is to understand the methodology of quality project planning.
- After studying the REVIT+NAVISWORK software, we find its importance and its implementation need in construction project management with cost analysis.
- AUTODESK NAVISWORK is most advanced software in construction industry for planning,

scheduling, monitoring, tracking of the construction project. The software is not only a visualization tool from which we can do simulation of construction site but also can be used for the quality management.

- The quality norms satisfied are setting out plan, concrete slab checking and cost of quality is maintained.

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